3<sup>rd</sup> Sunday in Lent (B)

03/08/2015

One day a man is driving without his seatbelt when he spots a police car right behind him. He grabs for the belt and puts it on. It is too late, however, and the red lights of the police car begin to flash.

'You weren't wearing your seatbelt,' says the officer.

*Yes I was,* 'replies the man, *'and if you don't believe me, ask my wife.'* 

The officer looks at the man's wife and asks, 'Was he wearing his seatbelt, ma'am?'

*Officer,* 'she begins, 'I've been married to this man for forty years, and there's one thing I've learned: Never to argue with him when he's been drinking!'

Jesus manifests different like of *spirits* in today's Gospel. His action is not easily understood by his disciples, the church leaders, or by many of us. We don't often hear that Jesus is angry enough to make a whip and to become disruptive. Maybe it will help if we compare our first reading from Exodus with the gospel story from John.

The Hebrews - in our first reading - who are recently freed from slavery, are looking for guidance. They need structure so that they can practice a way of life that is both new and strange to them. They - for the first time - are not subject to the whims of people who have the power to subject them. They are free, as God is free.

It is a freedom to live, love, and relate with themselves and with others as God lives, loves and relates. The Ten Commandments are offered to them, then, as a means by which they can **practice** living, loving and relating in a very new way.

Whenever we begin something new, it initially feels awkward. We hesitate. We make mistakes. We need instruction and encouragement. It takes a willingness to learn from our mistakes, and a learned discipline to practice repeatedly. Yet - for most of us unless we enjoy the new endeavor or we can see the potential benefit, we tend not to practice. If, for example, we don't enjoy or see the benefit of reading, we generally resist practicing reading, and our ability to read stagnates.

When we practice, we gradually arrive in a place where we internalize what we have been practicing. Our practice stops being external, and starts being more of an internal reality or authority.

The Gospel writer, John, uses this event of Jesus angrily driving out people and animals from the Temple to help us see the difference. Some of the Jewish leaders - in the story - are operating primarily externally. They look to justify their point-of-view by making reference to external authority - such as the Ten Commandments - exclusively. Jesus on the other hand - finds his authority from within himself. The difference can be found the Gospels reveal - is his practicing living the freedom of God to create us in God's own image. This encourages Jesus to trust himself, to observe rather than judge or condemn, and helps him to know that he is connected with God

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and all of creation. When asked therefore by what **authority** he drives people and animals out of the **Temple**, he replies that he **knows** that he cannot be **hurt**. He is part of a **reality** that stretches into **eternity**. *So are we.*