2<sup>nd</sup> Sunday in Easter (B)

04/12/2015

A little boy is always teasing the girls in the school yard at Saint Jerome's Catholic School, and making ugly faces so they will cry. His teacher, Sister Mary Thomas, decides one day to try some psychology on him.

She approaches him very sweetly and says, 'When I was a young girl my mother told me if I kept making ugly faces, my face would freeze some day and the ugly face would stay forever.'

The little boy stops, looks at her very carefully, and sincerely responds, *'Gee Sister, looks like you didn't listen to her.'* 

Our wounds, as much as our fingerprints, identify us. They are unique, and we all have them. When we try to rid ourselves of our wounds, they never have a chance to heal. They, instead, fester and unduly influence us to think of ourselves as someone other than God creates us to be. We tend to think of ourselves as ugly damaged goods, and shame leads us to do everything that we can to hide our wounds from ourselves and others.

When we practice living with our wounds, they somehow - heal. This is not to say that we readily rejoice that we are wounded. Our willingness to practice living with our wounds does remind us, however, that we are more than our wounds. The level of shame is dramatically reduced, and the freedom to live openly increases.

Then, there is, of course, still the matter of the scars that our wounds leave. They too can be a source of shame or a pathway for healing in ourselves and in others. Jesus, in our gospel story from John, models for us a willingness to practice living with our wounds and accepting our scars. He does not take offense - as some of us might when Thomas mentions his wounds and scars. He, instead, uses them to help Thomas grow and develop... that is, to help him release his grasp on the reality that Jesus is dead - period.

Many of us struggle with letting go of our wounds and do everything we can to hide our scars. We want to get rid of and forget them, and we - often unconsciously - worry them causing them to remain painful reminders. We tend, as a result, to quickly take offense, and to accuse others. We attempt to overcome our shame by driving ourselves to be successful, to achieve evermore accolades and honors, and to be thought important. We find excuses for ourselves as we slip evermore deeply into addictive behavior.

**Resurrection** - we are told - transforms our bodies. We use terms like *glorify* to describe the body of Jesus after he is raised from the dead. This doesn't mean, however, that the wounds and scars are removed. No, they remain and become an important way by which others recognize us. It does mean, though, that transformation (which is the same thing as healing) removes feelings of shame that usually accompany our wounds and scars.

Jesus (because he feels no shame and doesn't take offense at Thomas' demand) is free to invite Thomas to examine his wounds and scars, and to know that he truly is alive. This frees Thomas from the guilt and shame that he feels because - like the other disciples - he too knows the wound caused by his abandonment of Jesus. The resistance that he uses to hide his wound and the shame associated with it, is replace by a joy that comes from knowing that he is loved.

The wounds that become scars on the body of Jesus always remain to help us also to know the freedom that comes from knowing that we are loved.

2